

Seekonk, Massachusetts; *Montia perfoliata* at Jefferson, New Hampshire; *Montia sibirica* at Manchester, Massachusetts; *Herniaria glabra* at Bangor, Maine; *Saponaria ocymoides* at Lexington, Massachusetts; *Silene nivea* at Orono, Maine; *S. nutans* at Bar Harbor, Maine; *S. pendula* at Strong, Maine; *Anemone nemorosa* at Danvers, Massachusetts; *Delphinium consolida* at Providence, Rhode Island; *Calycanthus fertilis* at Seymour, Connecticut.

XIII. MISCELLANEOUS. — *Arenaria rubella*, *Stellaria pubera*, *Nymphaea tetragona*, *Ranunculus Gmelini* var. *Hookeri*, *Thalictrum dasycarpum*, *T. polygamum* var. *intermedium*. *Arenaria rubella* is found in New England only at Smuggler's Notch, Vermont. *Stellaria pubera* with a normal range from New Jersey to Illinois southward is recorded from Bethel, Vermont, but questionably so because of insufficient data. Its var. *sylvatica* is probably introduced at its two stations at Norwalk and Wilton, Connecticut. *Nymphaea tetragona* is represented by only three stations, Attean, Perham and Portage Lake, all in Maine. *Ranunculus Gmelini* var. *Hookeri* is a boreal plant found at Presque Isle and New Limerick in Aroostook County, Maine. *Thalictrum dasycarpum* is also outside its normal range and is probably an escape from cultivation at its five known stations in southwestern New England. *Thalictrum polygamum* var. *intermedium* has only two stations in New England — Bristol, Rhode Island and Franklin, Connecticut. — R. C. BEAN, A. F. HILL, AND R. J. EATON.

#### A NEW FORM OF ASTRAGALUS MOLLISSIMUS. —

*Astragalus mollissimus* Torr., the woolly locoweed, is of frequent occurrence in the western half of Kansas as evidenced by the fact that herbarium specimens exist from each county of the area. The species grows in a wide variety of habitats but is most abundant on rocky, gravelly, prairie hillsides. Of the thousands of specimens observed by me all have had rose-purple to bright purple corollas except for a small colony in Barber County, Kansas, which have yellow corollas. This character has been observed through two seasons. In all other respects the plants are like the species. The yellow-flowered plants may be described as: *Astragalus mollissimus* Torr., forma *flavus* McGregor, forma nov. Ad formam typicam similis, sed petalis flavis. T32S, R14W, Sec. 20, Gypsum Hills prairie, Barber County, Kansas, April 25, 1959, *McGregor 14186* (Type, KANU.) — RONALD L. MCGREGOR, UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS, LAWRENCE.